

UMP

I'll put myself in poor and mean attire,
And with a kind of *umber* smirch my face. *Shakespeare.*
Umbre is very sensible and earthy; there is nothing but
pure black which can dispute with it. *Dryden.*
The *umbres*, ochres, and minerals found in the fillures,
are much finer than those found in the strata. *Woodward.*
2. A fish. [*thymallus*, Lat.]
The *umber* and grayling differ as the herring and pilcher
do: but though they may do so in other nations, those in
England differ nothing but in their names. *Walt. Angler.*
UMBERED, *adj.* [from *umber* or *umbra*, Lat.] Shaded;
clouded.
From camp to camp, through the foul womb of night,
Fire answers fire; and through their paly flames
Each battle sees the other's *umber'd* face. *Shakeſp. Hen V.*
UMBRICAL, *adj.* [*umbilical*, Fr. from *umbilicus*, Lat.] Be-
longing to the navel.
Birds are nourished by *umbilical* vessels, and the navel is
manifest a day or two after exclusion. *Brown's Vulg. Errors.*
In a calf, the *umbilical* vessels terminate in certain bodies
divided into a multitude of carnosous papillae, received into
fo many sockets of the cotyledons growing on the womb. *Ray.*
UMBLES, *n. f.* [*umbles*, Fr.] A deer's entrails. *Dict.*
UMBO, *n. f.* [Latin.] The point, or prominent part of a
buckler.
Thy words together ty'd in small hanks,
Close as the Macedonian phalanx;
Or like the *umbo* of the Romans,
Which fierceſt foes could break by no means. *Swift.*
UMBRAGE, *n. f.* [*umbrage*, Fr.]
1. Shade; ſhreen of trees;
O, might I here
In ſolitude live ſavage; in ſome glade
Obſcur'd, where hiſt'ring woods, impenetrable
To ſtar, or ſun-light, ſpread their *umbrage* broad,
And brown as evening! *Milton's Par. Loſt.*
Men ſwelling run
To grots and caves, and the cool *umbrage* ſeek
Of woven arborets. *Philips.*
2. Shadow; appearance.
The reſt are *umbrages* quickly diſſip'd; the aſtrologer
ſubjects liberty to the motions of heaven. *Branſon's Habb.*
The opinion carries no ſhew of truth nor *umbrage* of rea-
ſon of its ſide. *Woodward.*
Such a removal of the metal out of one part of the mals,
and collecting of it in another, has miſſed ſome, and given
umbrage to an opinion, that there is a growth of metal in
one expoſed to the air. *Woodward on Feſſils.*
3. Reſentment; offence; ſuſpicion of injury.
Although he went on with the war, yet it ſhould be but
with his ſword in his hand, to bend the ſtiffneſs of the other
party to accept of peace: and ſo the king ſhould take no
umbrage of his arming and proſecution. *Bacon.*
UMBRAGEOUS, *adj.* [*umbrageus*, Fr.] Shady; yielding
ſhade.
Umbrageous grots and caves of cool reſeſs. *Milton.*
Walk daily in a pleaſant, airy, and *umbrageous* garden. *Harvey.*
The ſealing ſhower is ſcarce to patter heard,
Beneath th' *umbrageous* multitude of leaves. *Thomſon.*
UMBRAGEOUSNESS, *n. f.* [from *umbrageus*] Shadineſs.
The exceeding *umbrageousneſs* of this tree, he compareth
to the dark and ſhadow'd life of man; through which the
ſun of juſtice being not able to pierce, we have all remain'd
in the ſhadow of death, till it pleaſed Chriſt to climb the
tree of the croſs, for our enlight'ning and redemption. *Raleigh.*
UMBRA'TILE, *adj.* [*umbratilis*, Latin.] Being in the ſhade.
UMBRE'L, *n. f.* [from *umbra*, Lat.] A ſcreen uſed in hot
UMBRE'LLA, *n. f.* countries to keep off the ſun, and in others
to bear off the rain.
I can carry your *umbrella*, and fan your ladyſhip. *Dryden.*
Good houſewives
Defended by th' *umbrella's* oily ſhed,
Safe through the wet on clinking pattens tread. *Gay.*
UMBRE'LE, *n. f.* The viſor of the helmet. *Spenser.*
UMBRO'SITY, *n. f.* [*umbrus*, Lat.] Shadineſs; excluſion of
light.
Oiled paper becometh more tranſparent, and admits the
viſible rays with much leſs *umbrusity*. *Brown's Vulg. Errors.*
UMPIRAGE, *n. f.* [from *umpire*] Arbitration; friendly deci-
ſion of a controverſy.
UMPIRE, *n. f.* [This word *Umpire*, with great applauſe
from *Skinner*, derives from *un pree*, Fr. a ſubſer.] An arbi-
trator; one who, as a common friend, decides diſputes.
Give me ſome preſent counſel; or, behold,
Twixt my extremes and me, this bloody knife
Shall play the *umpire*; arbitrating that
Which the commiſſion of thy years and art
Could to no iſſue of true honour bring. *Shakeſp.*
Juſt death, kind *umpire* of men's miſeries,
With ſweet enlargement doth diſmiſs me hence. *Shakeſp.*

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The learned Sennertus, in that book, takes not upon him
to play the advocate for the chymists, but the *umpire* between
them and the peripateticks. *Bogle.*
The vaſt diſtance that ſin had put between the offending
creature and the offended Creator, required the help of ſome
great *umpire* and interceſſor, to open him a new way of acceſs
to God; and this Chriſt did for us as mediator. *South.*
The jealous ſects, that dare not truſt their cauſe
So far from their own will as from the laws,
You for their *umpire* and their ſynod take. *Dryden.*
UN, A Saxon privative or negative particle anſwering to *in* of
the Latins, and *α* of the Greeks, on, Dutch. It is placed
almost at will before adjectives and adverbs. All the in-
ſtances of this kind of compoſition cannot therefore be in-
ſerted; but I have collected a number ſufficient, perhaps
more than ſufficient, to explain it.
UNABASHED, *adj.* [from *abashed*.] Not ſhamed; not confuſed
by modeſty.
Earleſs on high, ſtood *unabashed* Deſoe,
And Tutchin ſtagnant from the ſcourge below. *Pope.*
UNABLE, *adj.* [from *abl*.]
1. Not having ability.
The Amalekites fet on them, ſuppoſing that they had been
weary, and unable to reſiſt. *Raleigh's Hiſt. of the World.*
Zeal mov'd thee:
To pleaſe thy gods thou didſt it; gods *unable*
To acquit themſelves, and proſecute their foes. *Milton.*
The prince *unable* to conceal his pain,
Gaz'd on the fair,
And ſigh'd, and look'd, and ſigh'd again. *Dryden.*
I intended to put it in practice, though far *unable* for the
attempt of ſuch a poem. *Dryden.*
Man, under the diſadvantages of a weak and fallen na-
ture, was *unable* even to form an idea of happineſs worthy
his reaſonable ambition. *Rogers's Sermons.*
2. Weak; impotent.
A love that makes breath poor, and ſpeech *unable*;
Beyond all manner of ſo much I love you. *Shakeſp.*
UNABOLISHED, *adj.* [from *abolished*.] Not repealed; remain-
ing in force.
The number of needleſs laws *unabolished*, doth weaken the
force of them that are neceſſary. *Hooker.*
UNACCEPTABLE, *adj.* [from *acceptabile*.] Not pleaſing; not
ſuch as is well received.
The marquis at that time was very *unacceptable* to his
countrymen. *Clarendon.*
Tis as indecent as *unacceptable*, and all men are willing to
ſlink out of ſuch company, the ſober for the hazards, and
jovial for the unpleaſantneſs. *Government of the Tongue.*
Every method for deterring others from the like practices
for the future, muſt be *unacceptable* and diſpleaſing to the
friends of the guilty. *Addiſon's Freeholder.*
If he ſhrinks from an *unacceptable* duty, there is a ſecret
reſerve of infidelity at the bottom. *Rogers's Sermons.*
UNACCEPTABLENESS, *n. f.* [from *unacceptable*.] State of not
pleaſing.
This alteration ariſes from the *unacceptableneſs* of the ſub-
ject I am upon. *Collier on Priſts.*
UNACCEPTED, *adj.* [from *accepted*.] Not accepted.
By turns put on the ſuppliant, and the Lord
Offer'd again the *unaccepted* wreath,
And choice of happy love, or infant death. *Prior.*
UNACCEſSIBLENESS, *n. f.* [from *acceſſibleneſs*.] State of not
being to be attained or approached.
Many excellent things are in nature, which, by reaſon of
the remoteneſs from us, and *unacceſſibleneſs* to them, are not
within any of our faculties to apprehend. *Hale.*
UNACCOMMODATED, *adj.* [from *accommodated*.] Unſupplied
with external convenience.
Unaccommodated man is no more than ſuch a poor, bare,
forked animal as thou art. *Shakeſp.*
UNACCOMPANIED, *adj.* [from *accompanied*.] Not attended.
Seldom one accident, proſperous or adverſe, cometh *un-*
accompanied with the like. *Hayward.*
UNACCOMPLISHED, *adj.* [from *accomplished*.] Unfiniſh'd; in-
complete.
Beware of death, thou canſt not die unpurſu'd,
And leave an *unaccompliſh'd* love behind. *Dryden.*
Thy vows are mine.
The gods diſſinay'd at his approach, withdrew,
Nor durſt their *unaccompliſh'd* crime purſue. *Dryden.*
UNACCOUNTABLE, *adj.* [from *accountable*.]
1. Not explicable; not to be ſolved by reaſon; not reducible
to rule.
I ſhall note difficulties, which are not uſually obſerved,
though *unaccountable*. *Glauville.*
The folly is to *unaccountable*, that enemies paſs upon us
for friend. *Leſtrange.*
There has been an *unaccountable* diſpoſition of late, to ſetch
the falſion from the French. *Addiſon.*
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What is yet more *unaccountable*, would he complain of
their reſiſting his omnipotence. *Rogers's Sermons.*
The Chineſe are an *unaccountable* people, ſtrangely com-
pounded of knowledge and ignorance. *Baker's Reſpect on Learn.*
The manner whereby the ſoul and body are united, and
how they are diſtinguiſhed, is wholly *unaccountable* to us. *Swift.*
2. Not ſubject; not controlled.
UNACCO'UNTABLY, *adv.* Strangely.
The boy proved to be the ſon of the merchant, whoſe heart
had ſo *unaccountably* melted at the ſight of him. *Addiſon.*
UNACCURATE, *adj.* [from *accurate*.] Not exact.
Galileo uſing an *unaccurate* way, defined the air to be in
weight to water but as one to four hundred. *Boyle.*
UNACCURATENESS, *n. f.* [from *unaccurate*.] Want of exact-
neſs.
It may be much more probably maintained than hitherto,
as againſt the *unaccurateness* and unconcluſiveſs of the ana-
lytical experiments vulgarly to be relied on. *Boyle.*
UNACCUSTOMED, *adj.* [from *accustomed*.]
1. Not uſed; not habituated.
I was chaſtiſed as a bullock *unaccustomed* to the yoke. *Jer. xxxi.*
The neceſſity of air to the moſt of animals *unaccustomed* to
the want of it, may beſt be judged of by the following ex-
periments. *Boyle.*
2. New; not uſual.
I'll ſend one to Mantua,
Where that ſame baniſh'd runagate doth live,
Shall give him ſuch an *unaccuſtom'd* dram,
That he ſhall ſoon keep Tibalt company. *Shakeſp.*
Their priſtine worth
The Britons recollect, and gladly change
Sweet native home, for *unaccuſtom'd* air. *Philips.*
An old word ought never to be fixed to an *unaccuſtom'd*
idea, without juſt and evident neceſſity. *Watts's Legick.*
UNACKNOWLEDGED, *adj.* [from *acknowledged*.] Not owned.
The fear of what was to come from an unknown, at
leaſt an *unacknowledged* ſucceſſor to the crown, clouded much
of that proſperity. *Clarendon.*
UNACQUAINTANCE, *n. f.* [from *acquaintance*.] Want of fami-
liarity; want of knowledge.
The firſt is an utter *unacquaintance* with his maſter's de-
ſigns, in theſe words, the ſervant knoweth not what his
maſter doth. *South.*
UNACQUAINTED, *adj.* [from *acquainted*.]
1. Not known; unuſual; not familiarly known.
She greatly grew amazed at the ſight,
And th' *unacquainted* light began to fear. *Fairy Queen.*
2. Not having familiar knowledge.
Feſtus, an infidel, a Roman, one whoſe ears were *un-*
acquainted with ſuch matter, heard him, but could not reach
unto that whereof he ſpoke. *Hooker.*
Where eſſe
Shall I inform my *unacquainted* feet
In the blind mazes of this tangled world? *Milton.*
Art thou a courtier,
Or I a king? My ears are *unacquainted*
With ſuch bold truths, eſpecially from thee. *Donham.*
Youth, that with joys had *unacquainted* been,
Envy'd grey hairs, that once good days had ſeen. *Dryden.*
Let us live like thoſe who expect to die, and then we ſhall
find that we fear'd death only becauſe we were *unacquainted*
with it. *Wake's Preparation for Death.*
UNACTIVE, *adj.* [from *active*.]
1. Not brisk; not lively.
Silly people commend tame, *unactive* children, becauſe
they make no noiſe, nor give them any trouble. *Locke.*
2. Having no employment.
Man hath his daily work of body, or mind,
Appointed, which declares his dignity;
While other animals *unactive* range,
And of their doings God takes no account. *Milton.*
3. Not buſy; not diligent.
His life,
Private, *unactive*, calm, contemplative;
Little ſuſpicious to any king. *Paradiſe Regain'd.*
An homage which nature commands all underſtandings to
pay to virtue; and yet it is but a faint, *unactive* thing; for
in defiance of the judgment, the will may ſtill remain as
much a ſtranger to virtue as before. *South's Sermons.*
4. Having no efficacy.
In the fruitful earth
His beams, *unactive* elſe, their vigour find. *Milton.*
UNACTUATED, *adj.* Not actuated.
The peripatetick matter is a mere *unactuated* power. *Glanville.*
UNADMIR'D, *adj.* Not regarded with honour.
Oh! had I rather *unadmird* remain'd,
In ſome lone iſle, or diſtant northern land;
Where the gilt chariot never marks the way. *Pope.*
UNADORN'D, *adj.* Not worſhipped.
Nor was his name unheard, or *unador'd*
In antient Greece. *Milton.*

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UNADORN'D, *adj.* Not decorated; not embellished.
The earth, till then
Deſert, and bare, unſightly, *unadorn'd*,
Brought forth the tender graſs. *Milton's Par. Loſt.*
But hoary winter, *unadorn'd* and bare,
Dwells in the dire retreat, and freezes there. *Addiſon.*
UNADVENTUROUS, *adj.* Not adventurous.
The wiſeſt, unexperienc'd, will be ever
Timorous and loth, with novice modeſty,
Irreſolute, unhardy, *unadventurous*. *Milton's Par. Regain'd.*
UNADVISED, *adj.*
1. Imprudent; indiſcreet.
Madam, I have *unadvise'd*
Deliver'd you a paper that I ſhould not. *Shakeſp.*
2. Done without due thought; raſh.
This contract to-night
Is too raſh, too *unadvise'd*, too ſudden,
Too like the light'ning, which doth ceaſe to be,
Ere one can ſay, it lightens. *Shakeſp. Romeo and Juliet.*
Theſe proſperous proceedings were turned back by the *un-*
advise'd forwardneſs of divers chief counſellors, in making
ſudden and unreaſonable alterations. *Hayward.*
Specifick conformities can be no *unadvise'd* productions;
but are regulated by the immediate efficiency of ſome know-
ing agent. *Glauville.*
UNADVISEDLY, *adv.* Imprudently; raſhly; indiſcreetly.
A ſtrange kind of ſpeech unto chriſtian ears; and ſuch,
as I hope they themſelves do acknowledge *unadvise'dly* ut-
tered. *Hooker.*
What man's wit is there able to ſound the depth of thoſe
dangerous and fearful evils, whereinto our weak and im-
potent nature is inclinable to ſink itſelf, rather than to ſhew
an acknowledgment of error in that which once we have
unadvise'dly taken upon us to defend, againſt the ſream of a
contrary publick reſolution. *Hooker.*
What is done cannot be now amended;
Men ſhall deal *unadvise'dly* ſometimes,
Which after-hours give leiſure to repent of. *Shakeſp.*
A word *unadvise'dly* ſpoken on the one ſide, or miſunder-
ſtood on the other, has rais'd ſuch an averſion to him, as in
time has produced a perfect hatred of him. *South.*
UNADVULTERED, *adj.* Genuine; not ſpoiled by ſpurious
mixtures.
I have only diſcovered one of thoſe channels, by which
the hiſtory of our Saviour might be conveyed pure and *un-*
adulterated. *Addiſon on the Chriſtian Religion.*
UNAFFECTED, *n. f.*
1. Real; not hypocritical.
They bore the king
To lie in ſolemn ſtate, a publick ſight:
Groans, cries, and howlings fill the croud'd place,
And *unaffected* ſorrow fat on ev'ry face. *Dryden.*
2. Free from affectation; open; candid; ſincere.
The maid improves her charms,
With inward greatneſs, *unaffected* wiſdom,
And ſanctity of manners. *Addiſon's Cato.*
Of ſoſt manners, *unaffected* mind;
Lover of peace, and friend of human kind. *Pope's Epiſt.*
3. Not formed by too rigid obſervation of rules; not la-
boured.
Men divinely taught, and better teaching
The ſolid rules of civil government,
In their majeſtic, *unaffected* ſtile,
Than all the oratory of Greece and Rome. *Milton.*
4. Not moved; not touched.
UNAFFECTEDLY, *adv.* Really; without any attempt to pro-
duce faſe appearances.
He was always *unaffectedly* cheerful; no marks of any
thing heavy at his heart broke from him. *Locke.*
UNAFFECTING, *adj.* Not pathetic; not moving the paſſions.
UNAFFECTED, *adj.* Free from trouble.
My *unaffected* mind doth feed
On no unholy thoughts for benefit. *Daniel's Maſophilius.*
UNAGREEABLE, *adj.* Inconſiſtent; unſuitable.
Advent'rous work! yet to thy pow'r and mine,
Not *unagreeable*, to found a path
Over this main, from hell to that new world. *Milton.*
UNAGREEABLENESS, *n. f.* Unſuitableneſs to; inconſiſtency with.
Papias, a holy man, and ſcholar of St. John, having de-
livered the millennium, men choſe rather to admit a doctrine,
whoſe *unagreeableneſs* to the goſpel oeconomy rendered it
ſuſpicious, than think an apoſtolick man could ſeduce
them. *Decay of Piety.*
UNADABLE, *adj.* Not to be helped.
The congregated college have concluded,
That labouring art can never ranſom nature
From her *unadable* eſtate. *Shakeſp.*
UNADDED, *adj.* Not affixed; not helped.
Their number, counting thoſe th' *unaided* eye
Can ſee, or by invented tubes deſcry,
The wideſt ſtretch of human thought exceeds. *Blackmore.*
UNAIMING.